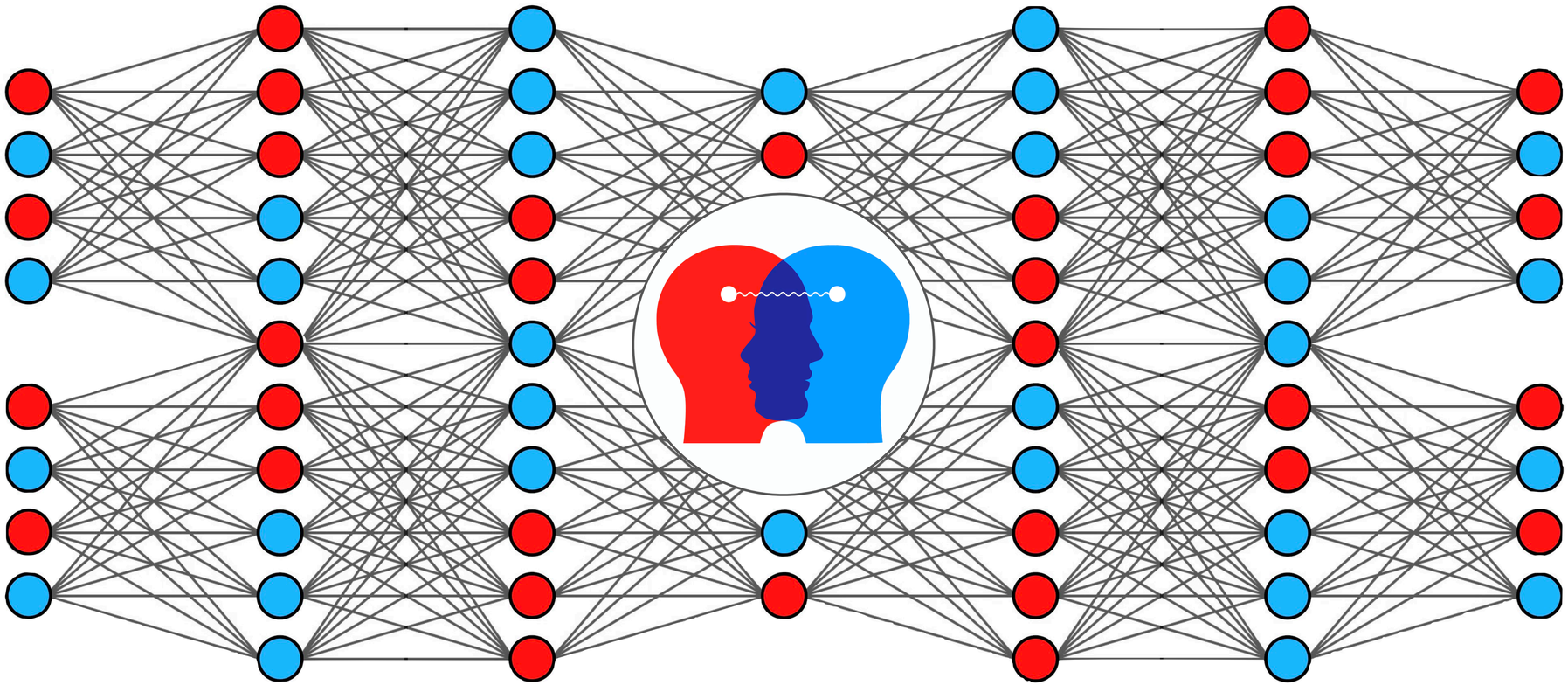
The Global Telepathy Study

Study Design and Methodology



Study Design

Scientific Hypothesis: Multi-sensory stimulation at gamma frequencies induces neural entrainment, which facilitates brain-to-brain interaction at a distance, which can be measured through real-time telepathy testing.

Test Methodology: A mobile app conducts real-time telepathy testing with large groups of participants who send and receive mental images, while binaural, haptic and visual stimulation synchronizes their brain waves.

Control Parameters: Test results for each participant are tracked in real-time, and users with high scores are rematched into control tests that are conducted without sensory stimuli to evaluate the differences in telepathic accuracy.

Data Processing: Test data is sent via high-bandwidth APIs to dedicated physical servers in redundant datacenters for processing. Enterprise-grade SSD storage and 100 Gbps connectivity ensure low-latency during real-time testing.

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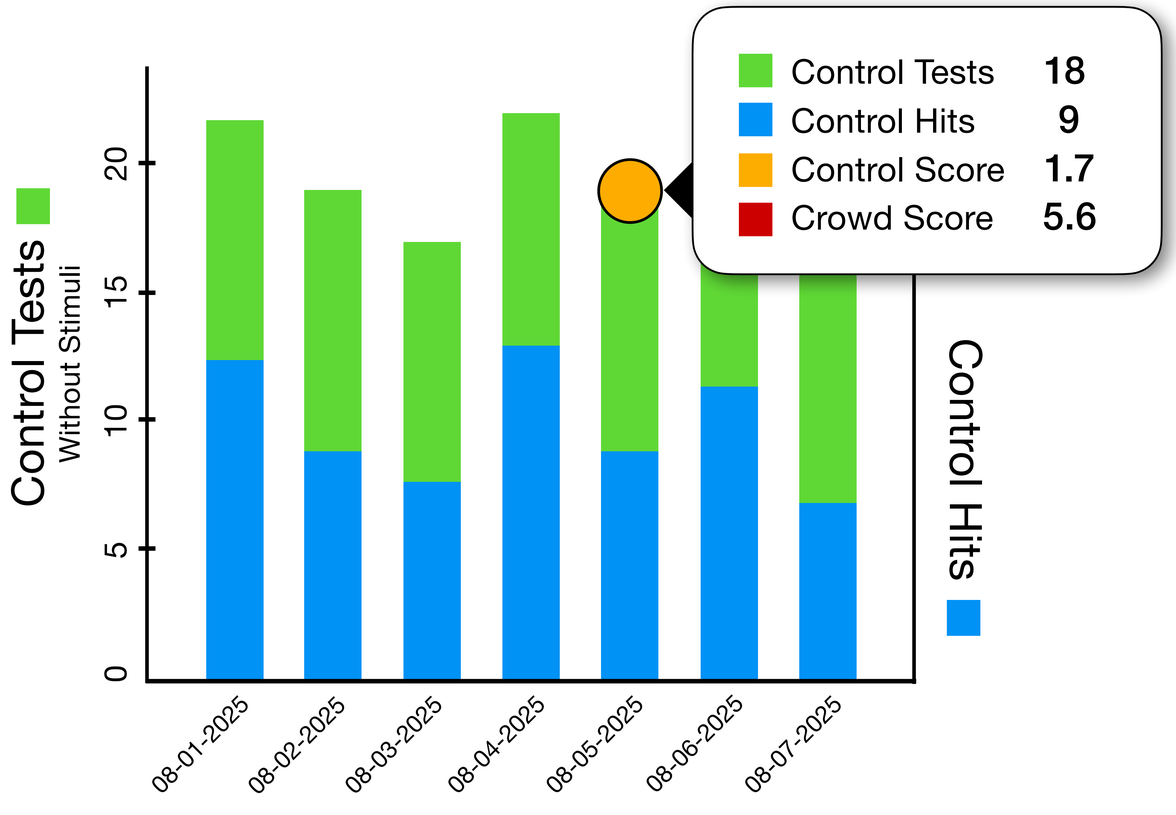
Test Methodology

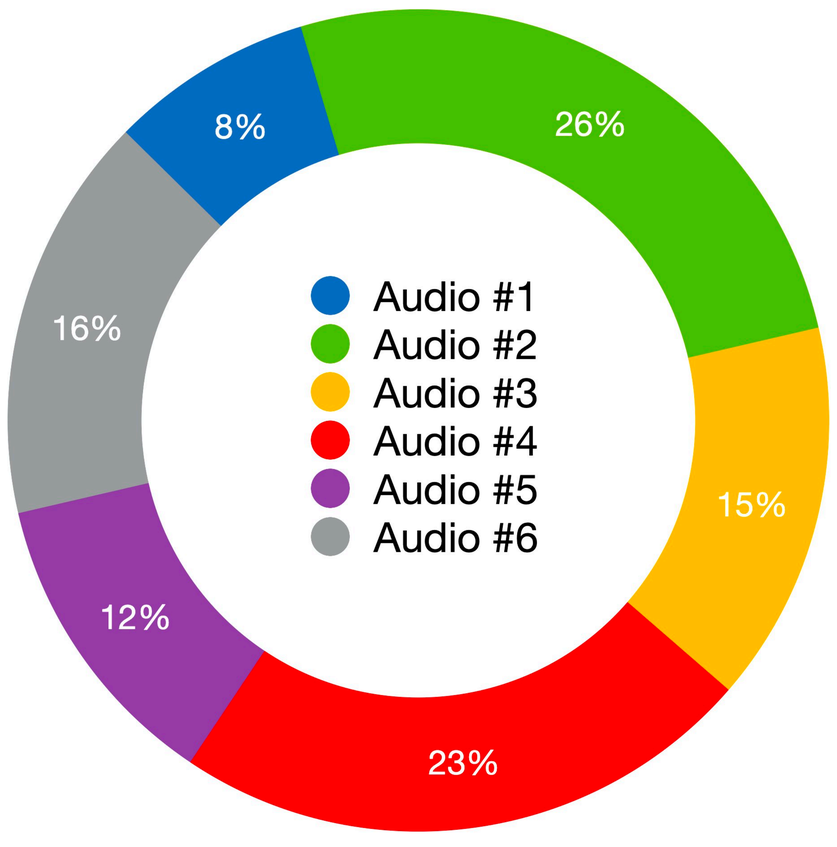
Control tests without multi-sensory stimuli

Users who score two or more hits during a crowd test are invited to participate in a control test, which is then conducted without multi-sensory stimulation. This chart tracks user performance during control tests, and provides visibility into how ESP accuracy can be impacted by multi-sensory stimulation during testing.



Binaural frequency and test scores

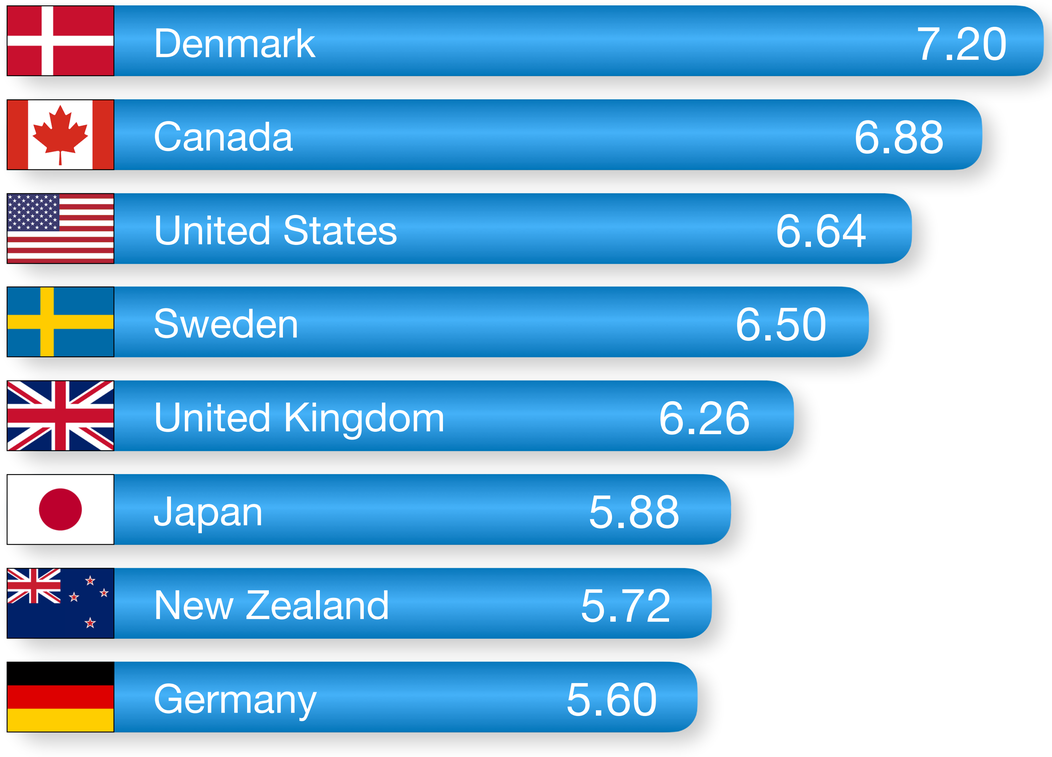
True ESP uses six different binaural soundtracks with a variety of phase-coherent frequencies that are used to synchronize the brain waves of participants during an ESP test. This chart can help evaluate which of the binaural frequencies are most effective.



Test Methodology

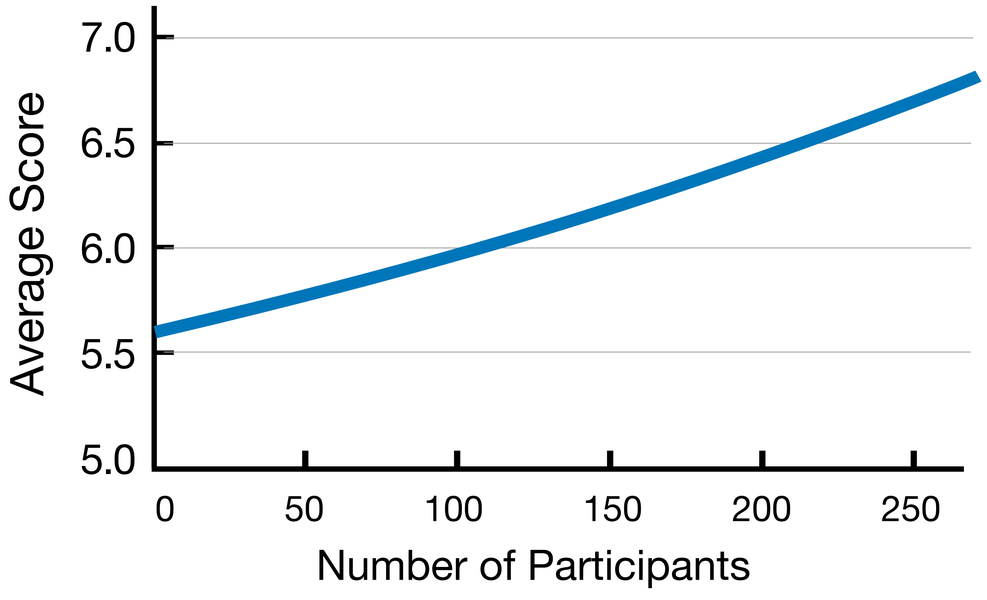
Comparing ESP test scores by country

This metric provides granular visibility into user performance within different countries. Preliminary data shows there is significant variability in the average user scores for a cohort of countries, and it could be interesting to study if this effect is due to cultural differences, hereditary factors, proximity to geomagnetic mineral deposits, or other possible causes.



Number of users impacts test results

Preliminary data suggests a significant correlation between the number of participants in a specific test and their resulting ESP scores. Tracking the amount of users for each test and the associated hits ratio enables researching this phenomenon in greater detail.



Test Methodology

Selection order and test results

Previous test results indicate that a participant's second choice is usually the correct selection. This chart measures choice order, and enables research into subconscious decision making during ESP tests.

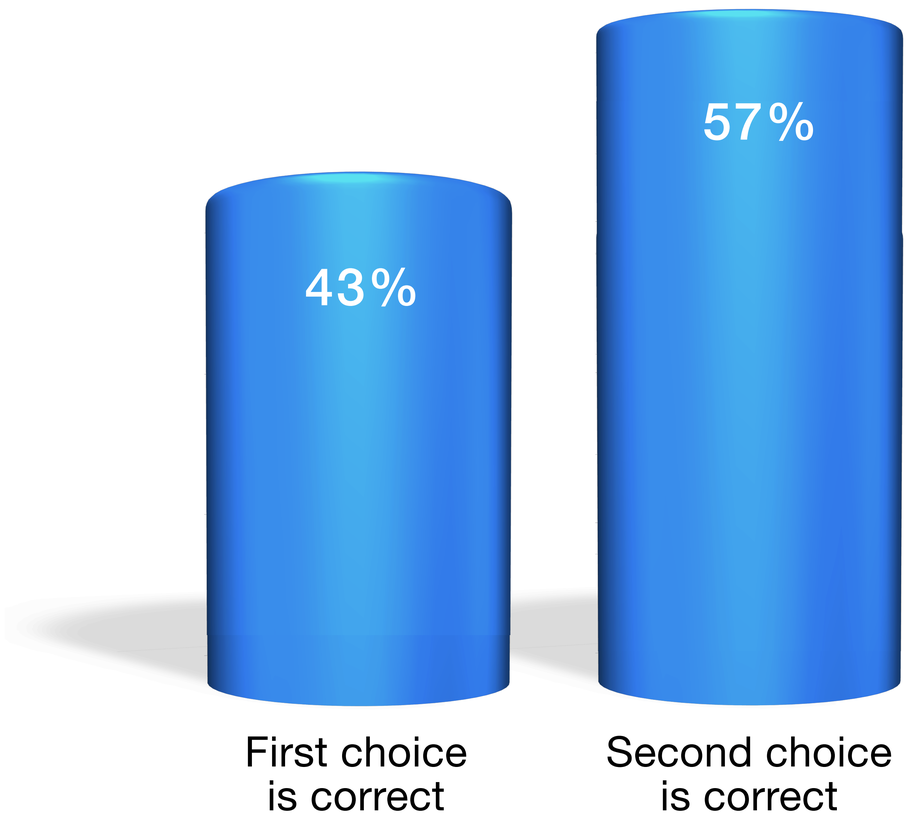
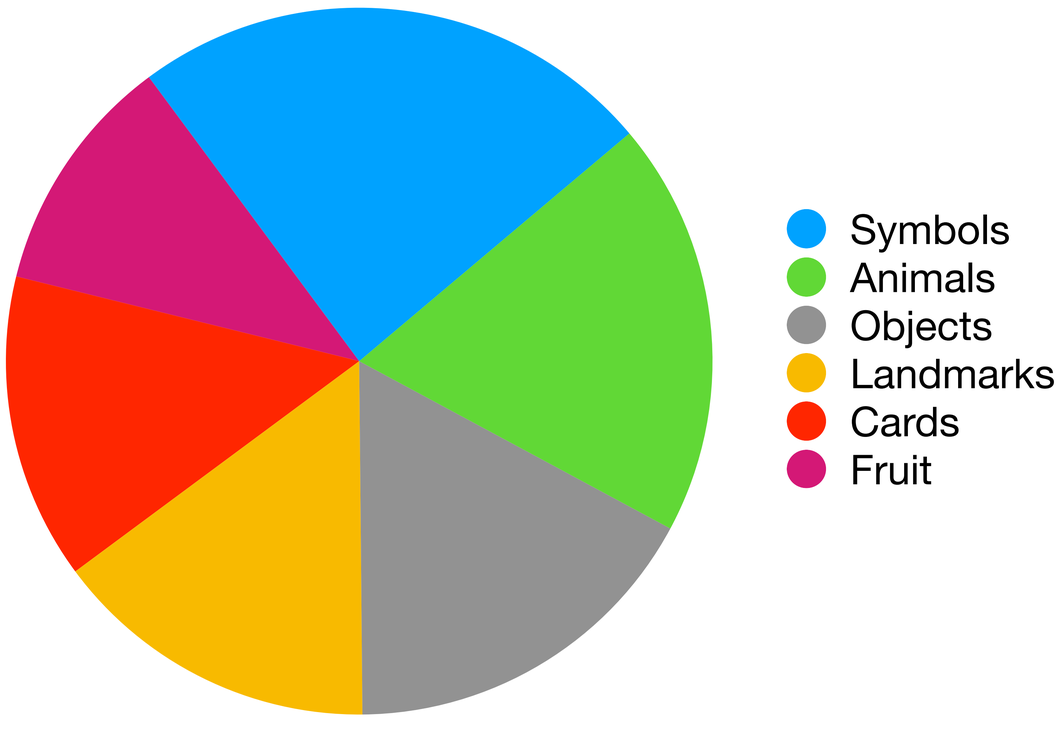


Image type correlates with ESP scores

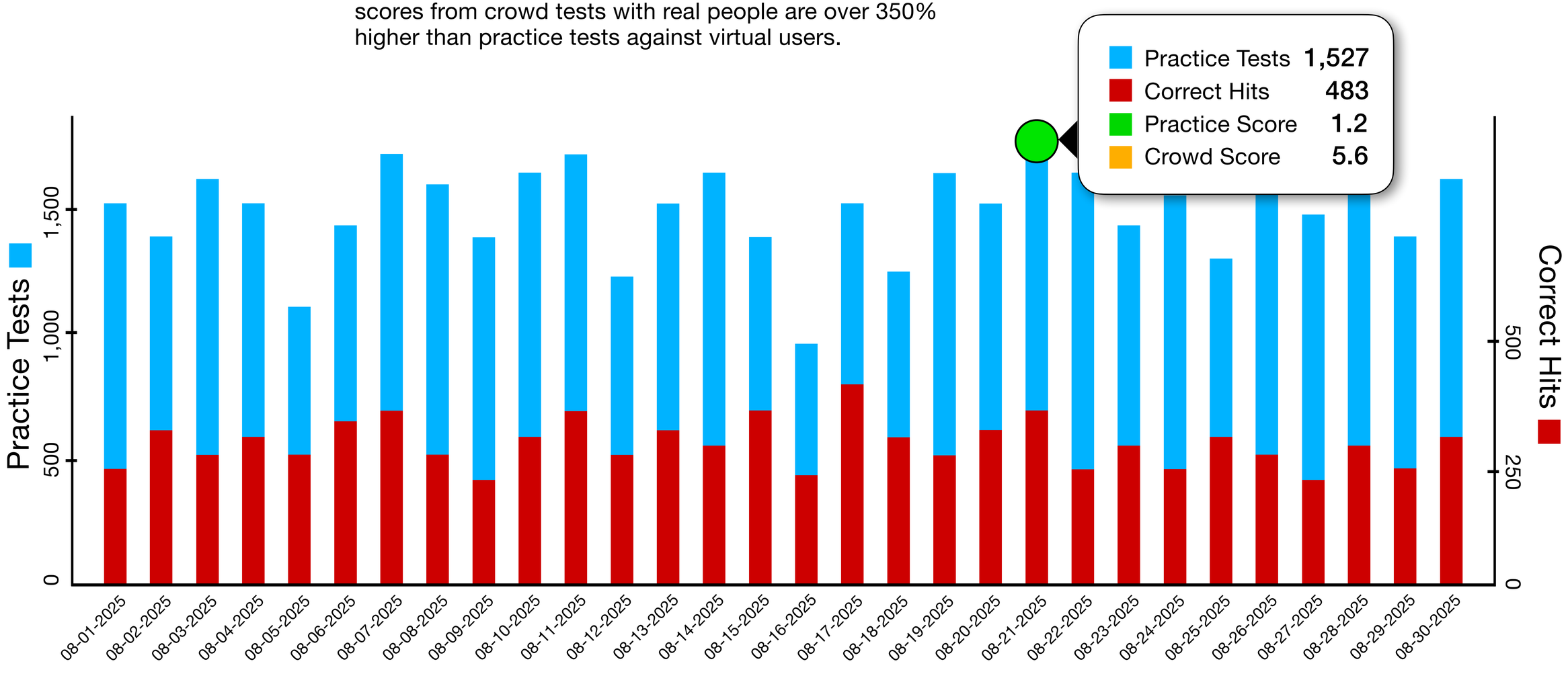
Preliminary results suggest a correlation between image type and test scores, with geometric symbols having the highest ratio of correct test selections compared to images of landmarks, fruit, or objects. This particular chart can help refine the images used for more comprehensive testing in the future.



Test Methodology

Comparing crowd and practice test scores

Capturing the number of practice tests and the hits ratio enables research into how testing with human participants compares to simulated users. Previous data suggests that scores from crowd tests with real people are over 350% higher than practice tests against virtual users.



Participate in this groundbreaking telepathy study

Testing will continue through December 1, 2025